



# **USER MANUAL**



**AIR / WATER HEAT PUMP** 



18.12 - 4472010\_04



CE

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# 1. USER INTERFACE (PGD1)

The unit control panel allow the quick setting and display of the unit's operating parameters. The board memorises all the **Default** settings and any modifications. By installing the remote control panel PGD1 it is possible to remotely replicate all the functions and the settings available on the unit. After a power failure the unit is capable of an automatic restart, retaining the original settings. The user interface consists of a graphic display with six navigation keys; the display is arranged through a menu hierarchy, activated by pressing the navigation keys. The **Default** display of these menus is the main screen. The navigation between the various parameters is by using the arrow keys located to the right of the display. These keys are also used for the modification of the selected parameter.

KEY	FUNCTION
	ALARM key Displays the list of active and historical alarms (red LED on = active alarm)
Prg	MENU ACTIVATION key • Pressing this key activates the navigation between menus (orange LED on = winter operating mode active)
Esc	EXIT MENU key • Pressing this key returns to the previous menu
1	NAVIGATION (+) key <ul> <li>Pressing this key when navigating between menu/parameters passes to the next menu/parameter</li> <li>Pressing this key when modifying a parameter increases the value of the selected parameter</li> </ul>
*	NAVIGATION (enter) key • Pressing this key when navigating between menus allows entry to the selected menu • Pressing this key when navigating between parameters allows selection of the parameter displayed to modify it • Pressing the key when modifying a parameter confirms the modification of the parameter value selected
4	NAVIGATION (-) key <ul> <li>Pressing this key when navigating between menu/parameters passes to the previous menu/parameter</li> <li>Pressing this key when modifying a parameter decreases the value of the selected parameter</li> </ul>

# 2. START-UP PROCEDURE

After having powered up the unit the control board will carry out preliminary operations before being ready for use. This initial procedure takes around 60 seconds to complete. During the initial loading procedure two screens are displayed: a startup screen and a screen to select the system language. These screens are detailed in the table below. WARNING: The system language can be set on the screen displayed at the startup or can be modified at any time through the appropriate screen contained in the Installer menu.

Start-up procedure			
		Display/Parameter	Default
<b>AFRMEC</b>	A	<b>Remaining time for software loading:</b> this value shows the remaining time to starting the software loaded on the unit, and passing the to system language selection	бѕ
	В	<b>System language:</b> this parameter shows the current language set for the system. To change the language follow the instructions shown on the screen.	
Wait please 65 A		<b>Remaining time to select the language:</b> this value shows the remaining time to modify the language. When the time elapses the display goes to the main screen (Main screen - General monitoring). WARNING: It is possible to modify the system language at any time using the appropriate screen contained in the Installer menu. (Menu password – 0000)	20s
Language: ENGLISH B	с	- 0000).	
Push ENTER for change ESC to confirm			
Display time: 20 C			

## 3. MENU STRUCTURE AND NAVIGATION

Both the functions to control the unit and the operating information are displayed on the unit mounted control panel. All the functions and information are arranged in screens which in turn are grouped into menus. During the normal operation of the unit the main screen is displayed, from which it is possible to access the selection of the other operating menus.

The menus are displayed through the rotation of the icons that they represent. Once the desired icon is selected the chosen menu is entered, permitting the display or modification of the parameters that it is made up from. The procedure for navigating the menus, or changing parameters, is explained in detail in the chapter "User operating procedures".

The adjacent drawing shows the relation between the various menus and the navigation keys used.

WARNING: The following pages contain all the masks in the menus available to the user. The values contained in each mask represent the **Default** values set in the system (except the main menu and the IN/OUT menu, which contain data read by the unit rather than operating parameters); Improper selection of the parameters in the Installer menu may cause malfunctions of the unit. It is recommended that these parameters are only modified by personnel qualified in the installation and configuration of the unit.

The operating menus are arranged as in the following drawing:



Index	lcon	Menù	Menu function
А		Main	The windows contained in this menu are used to check current unit conditions (unit status, settings, circuit data, etc);
В		IN/OUT	This menu contains advanced information about operating the unit;
С		ON/OFF	This menu is used to activate or deactivate the unit; it also provides status information;
D	[ <b>≯</b> }-]	PLANT	This menu is used to set the operating mode, the setpoints for water production and the time bands to be applied to the system;
E		RECOVERY	This menu (if the unit permits heat recovery) makes it possible to set the parameters related to heat recovery;
F		CLOCK	This menu contains the time settings for system management (date and time, calendar);
G		INSTALLER	This menu contains settings useful for the installer (Digital input enabling, BMS configuration, adjustments, pumps, etc); WARNING: this menu is password protected. The value to be set for access is: 0000
н		ASSISTANCE	This menu is not accessible except by authorized staff;
I		MANUFACTURER	This menu is not accessible except by authorized staff;

# 4. USER OPERATING PROCEDURES

To check or modify the operating parameters of the unit it is necessary to use the interface of the control panel on the unit. The basic operations that the user must be capable of, for the correct use of the unit, are:

2

(1) Moving from one menu to the next.

(2) Selecting and modifying a parameter; In this manual the parameters that can be modified by the user are identified by the icon ((,,));

## Moving between menus

(a) To move between the menus, the order in which they are displayed is shown in the previous page, enter the menu selection mode by pressing the key  $([n_{re}])$ ;



(b) Once in the menu selection mode it is possible to move between menus using the arrow keys: the key (+) to move to the previous menu, and the key (+) to move to the next menu.



(c) When the desired menu is seen press the key () to enter the menu. Press the key () to return to the menu selection mode.



## Selecting and modifying a menu

(a) Once in the menu selected, by following the procedure
 (1), it is possible to move between the screens using the arrow keys: the key (1) to move to the previous parameter, and the key (1) to move to the next parameter.



(c) When the desired parameter is seen press the key () to enter the parameter. To exit the parameter and return to the parameter selection mode press the key ().

**WARNING:** Once a parameter is selected by pressing the key (), the parameter selection mode is automatically accessed and in this mode the desired parameter values can be set with the following procedure:

(1) Pressing the key () causes a flashing cursor to appear on the first modifiable field of the parameter. If no modifiable fields are displayed then the cursor will not appear.

(2) Pressing the key () or the key (), the value of the field can be increased or decreased.

(3) Pressing the key () confirms the modification of the field value, saving it in memory. On the basis of the type of parameter selected the number of modifiable fields can change.



# 5. MAIN MENU

During normal operation the first screen of the Main menu is displayed on the unit. This menu consists of several screens with different information on the operating status of the system which can be navigated using the arrow keys. In these screens the information is read only and no parameters can be changed.

WARNING: If no keys are pressed for at least 5 minutes during the use of the control panel the software automatically return to the main screen of this menu.

Image: Display/Parameter         Default           Image: Display/Parameter         Default           Image: Display/Parameter         Plant water delivery flow temperature: this value indicates the tempera- ter of the water leaving the heat exchanger            Image: Display/Parameter	Main menu - General monitoring					
A: Cities C       LUN 10:59         A: Plant water delivery flow temperature: this value indicates the temperature of the water leaving the heat exchanger				Display/Parameter	Default	
B       System heat exchangers: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Plant power requirement: this element indicates the power required by the system and is displayed as bar graph from 0 to 10;          WARNING: Several icons can appear in this screen to show specific states of the system, and the icons can be:       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Dow leaving temperature anti-freeze function is active (compressors switched off)       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Dow leaving temperature anti-freeze function is active (compressors switched off)       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1          Image: Dow leaving temperature anti-freeze function is active (compressors switched off)        E       Date and time: indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: Dow load function active         E       Date and time: indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the current states of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:          Image: Dow load function active        E       Circuit 1 (1) or 2 (C2) compressor shues the current states of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:        E       Circuit	Aermec Lun 10:59 A→14.3°C <→			Plant water delivery flow temperature: this value indicates the tempera- ture of the water leaving the heat exchanger		
Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10;       Image: Construction of the system and is displayed as the system and is displayed as bar graph from 0 to 10;		B→EVL CN XMIX 49% →G	В	System heat exchangers: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser		
Image: Constant of the system of the system, and the icons can be:       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       D       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = evaporator, CN = condenser          Image: Constant of the system, and the icons can be:       Coil: EV = distant of the system of could can be:          Image: Consta	M 14		С	Plant power requirement: this element indicates the power required by the system and is displayed as a bar graph from 0 to 10; WARNING: Based on the type of operation (cold or hot) the plate heat exchanger changes role (evaporator when cold, condenser when hot), which is indicated on this page (EV = evaporator, CN = condenser)		
E       Date and time: indicates the current day and time          WARNING: Several icons can appear in this screen to show specific states of the system, and the icons can be:       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1         Image: appendix the icons can be:       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1          Image: appendix the icons can be:       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1          Image: appendix the icons can be:       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1          Image: appendix the icons can be:       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1          Image: appendix the icons can be:       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: appendix the icons pressors switched off)       F       Circuit 1 (C1) or 2 (C2) compressor status: these icons indicate the current status of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:          Image: appendix the icon indicates for cooling load are disabled       F       Pump active: this icon appears if the unit's pump is running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates the tempera-			D	<b>Coil: EV</b> = evaporator, CN = condenser		
WARNING: Several icons can appear in this screen to show specific states of the system, and the icons can be:       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1         Image: Comparison of the system, and the icons can be:       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1         Image: Comparison of the system, and the icons can be:       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1         Image: Comparison of the system, and the icons can be:       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1         Image: Comparison of the icon pressors switched off)       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2         Image: Comparison of the icon pressors switched off)       F       Circuit 1 (C1) or 2 (C2) compressor status: these icons indicate the current status of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:          Image: Comparison of the information active       F       Circuit 1 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2         Image: Comparison of the information active       F       Circuit 2 fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2         Image: Comparison of the information active       F       Circuit 1 (C1) or 2 (C2) compressor status: these icons indicate the current status of the compressors on circuit 1			Е	Date and time: indicates the current day and time		
G       Shared fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed of the fans shared between the two circuits          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed of the fans shared between the two circuits          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 2          Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the current status of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows: <ul> <li>Image: big basic problem in the second of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the percentage value of the fan speed: this value indicates the</li></ul>	WARNING: Several icons can appear in this screen to show specific states of the system, and the icons can be:		F	<b>Circuit 1 fan speed: this value</b> indicates the percentage value of the fan speed on circuit 1		
Image: Dow leaving temperature anti-freeze function is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Image: Dow leaving water temperature temperature temperature is follows:       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is follows:       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is follows:       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is compressors on circuit 2        Image: Dow leaving water temperature is dropping so new requests for cooling load are disabled       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is rising so new requests for heating load as disabled       Image: Dow leaving water temperature is rising so new requests for h			G	<b>Shared fan speed: this value</b> indicates the percentage value of the speed of the fans shared between the two circuits		
Image: High leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)       Circuit 1 (C1) or 2 (C2) compressor status: these icons indicate the current status of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2; these statuses can be as follows:          Image: Low load function active		ow leaving temperature anti-freeze function is active (compressors switched off)	H <b>Circuit 2 fan speed: this value</b> indicates the percentage value of speed on circuit 2			
Image: Constraint of the second s	HT a	high leaving water temperature prevention is active (compressors switched off)		Circuit 1 (C1) or 2 (C2) compressor status: these icons indicate the current status of the compressors on circuit 1 or 2: these statuses can be as		
Image: Anti-freeze heater active (set point: 4.0°C - differential: 1.0K)       Image: Alarm (△)         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running (P)         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active         Image: Alarm (△)       Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates the temperatore; this active         Image: Alarm (△)       System return water flow temperature; this value indicates the temperatore; the flow switch         Image: Alarm (△)       System return water entering the heat exchanger		ow load function active		follows:		
<ul> <li>the return water temperature is dropping so new requests for cooling load are disabled</li> <li>the return water temperature is rising so new requests for heating load as disabled</li> <li>the flow switch is open so compressors will be switched off whilst the pump attempts to enable the flow switch</li> <li>the flow switch</li> </ul>	-~~ a	anti-freeze heater active (set point: 4.0°C - differ- ential: 1.0K)	Ι	• Off (♥) • Off (♥) • Disenabled (♥)		
Image: Pump active: this icon appears if the unit's pump is running; if the unit's pump is ru	the return water temperature is dropping so new requests for cooling load are disabled         the return water temperature is rising so new requests for heating load as disabled			• Alarm (ﷺ) Capacity control (duration 10 minutes) running (P)		
Image: When the provide off whilst the pump attempts to enable the flow switch       System return water flow temperature: this value indicates the temperature this value indicates the temperature the value			L	<b>Pump active:</b> this icon appears if the unit's pump is running; if the unit has several pumps, the number next to the icon indicates which one is active		
	-Œ- s	the flow switch is open so compressors will be switched off whilst the pump attempts to enable the flow switch	М	System return water flow temperature: this value indicates the tempera- ture of the water entering the heat exchanger		



WARNING: Several icons can appear in this screen to show specific states of the system, and the icons can be:

<b>C</b> FF	time-clock is active
$\bigcirc$	multi-function input is active
	low load function is active

in n	n menu - System monitoring				
	Display/Parameter	Default			
A	Current setpoint: shows the current system setpoint				
В	<b>Operating mode:</b> the icon shows the current operating mode of the system ( $^{3}$ = cooling, $^{3}$ = heating)				
С	Differential: shows the current system working differential				
D	<b>Control sensor:</b> these values show the sensor on which the control is based (inlet or outlet), and the current value read by the selected sensor				
E	<b>Proportional error:</b> if the Proportional + Integral function is active, this shows the proportional value				
F	Integral error: if the Proportional + Integral function is active, this shows the integral value				
G	Load request: shows the percentage load required by the system				
Н	Capacity output: shows the percentage output to the system				

				IVIG	1
	Circuit 1				
<b>A</b> -	•HP: 23.1bar	-> TC:	39.5°C	- <b>C</b>	┝
B	LP: 6.4bar	$\rightarrow  \text{Te}:$	-2.6°C+		╞
	Liquid Temp.	I.	14.8°C+	E	
	Discharge Te	mp.	80.8°C+	-F	ŀ
<b>G</b> -	•CP1: 🔵	0s •		-H	
	CP2: 🗭	Øs			L
					L
					ŀ

Иа	Nain menu - Circuit 1 monitoring						
	Display/Parameter						
	А	High pressure: shows the discharge pressure of the circuit					
	В	Low pressure: shows the suction pressure of the circuit					
	С	Condensing temperature: shows the condensing temperature					
	D	Evaporating temperature: shows the evaporating temperature					
	E	Liquid temperature: shows the liquid temperature (displayed only for heat pumps models)					
	F	Discharge temperature: shows the discharge temperature					
	G	<b>Compressor status:</b> the icon represents the compressor status of the circuit. Each compressor is numbered with the code CP, and for each the current status is shown, being:					

G	• On (●) • Off (☉)	
Η	Minimum residual time: the value shows how many seconds remain until minimum required On or Off time elapses for the current status of each compressor	

Main menu - Circuit 2 monitoring (visible if present)							
		Display/Parameter	Default				
Circuit 2	A	High pressure: shows the discharge pressure of the circuit					
(A) HP: 23.1bar -> Tc: 39.5°C+(C)	В	Low pressure: shows the suction pressure of the circuit					
Liquid Temp. 14.8°C• E	С	Condensing temperature: shows the condensing temperature					
G CP1: ● Øs H CP2: ● Øs	D	Evaporating temperature: shows the evaporating temperature					
	E	<b>Liquid temperature:</b> shows the liquid temperature (displayed only for heat pumps models)					
	F	Discharge temperature: shows the discharge temperature					
	G	Compressor status: the icon represents the compressor status of the circuit. Each compressor is numbered with the code CP, and for each the current status is shown, being: • On () • Off ()					
	н	Minimum residual time: the value shows how many seconds remain until minimum required On or Off time elapses for the current status of each compressor					

Main menu - General circuits monitoring								
					Display/Parameter	Default		
<b>A</b> -	Circuits Total require	100%		A	<b>Total capacity request:</b> shows the current value of total capacity request from the system			
B C	Circuit 1: 46% ⊖Circuit 2: 54%			В	<b>Capacity output of circuit 1:</b> shows the current capacity output of the circuit to satisfy the system request			
	Time between starts:	Øc.~		С	<b>Capacity output of circuit 2:</b> shows the current capacity output of the circuit to satisfy the system request			
	L			D	<b>Residual time to next compressor:</b> shows the remaining time before the next compressor is turned on, if required			



MAIN Menu - Glycol free freecooling monitor (only present on glycol free freecooling models)							
		Display/Parameter	Default				
Glycol Free Power FC: 0/100% • A	A	<b>Freecooling power:</b> this value indicates the actual power supplied by the freecooling system based on what is available					
To tal: 15.1°C 15.1°C 10.9°C 07. 10.9°C 07. 10.9°C 07. 10.9°C 10.9°C 10.9°C	В	<ul> <li>Status: this icon indicates the current state of operation; it could be:</li> <li>OFF: unit off;</li> <li>FreeC: unit only operating in freecooling;</li> <li>FC+CP: unit operating in mixed freecooling plus compressors;</li> <li>CP: unit operating only with compressors;</li> </ul>					
B OFF D Glycol Free Power FC: 95/100% • A D OFF	С	<b>Total power:</b> this value indicates the total power in percentage supplied by the unit. If operating only in freecooling, the total power corresponds to the power supplied by freecooling. In the case of mixed operation, the total power is the sum of the power supplied by freecooling and that supplied by the compressors					
15.1°C 15.1°C F	D	Input temperature: this value indicates the freecooling input tempera- ture					
B FreeC	E	Freecooling output temperature: this value indicates the freecooling output temperature					
WARNING: The diagram of this mask will appear different,	F	<b>Output temperature:</b> this value indicates the intermediate heat exchanger output temperature (which is the temperature read by the evaporator inlet probe)					
or not (the moving arrows indicate the operation of the pump and water circulation).	G	Input temperature: this value indicates the intermediate heat exchanger input temperature					

	MAIN Menu - General master monitor (only on master units for master/slave configuration)							
Display/Parameter Defa								
(A)	Master Common Outlet: Total require	℃ 100.0%	A	<b>Common output:</b> this value indicates the current temperature value read by the water probe placed on the common of the two outlets of the master and slave unit				
©-	⊖Circuit 1:	100.0%	В	<b>Demand:</b> this value indicates the actual power calculated by the thermo- stat of the Master unit which will be distributed onto the two units				
D	Circuit 2:	100.0%	С	<b>Unit 1:</b> this value indicates the actual power requested to the MASTER unit by the system				
	L		D	<b>Unit 2:</b> this value indicates the actual power requested to the SLAVE unit by the system				

MAIN Menu - Total recovery monitor (only on units with total recovery)							
			Display/Parameter	Default			
Total Recovery A⊣inlet water	15.1°C	A	Water input: indicates the current temperature value for incoming water to the total recovery system				
B →Out Total Rec.:	13.1°C	В	<b>Water output:</b> this value indicates the current temperature value for out- going water from the total recovery system				
© →Off Unit D → Total require	0.0%	С	<ul> <li>Status: this value indicates the current status of the total recovery; this status can be:</li> <li>General off: whole unit in stand-by;</li> <li>Flow switch open: water is not circulating in the hydraulic circuit of the recovery system and therefore it is disabled;</li> <li>Enabled: water is circulating in the hydraulic circuit of the recovery system and therefore it is enabled;</li> </ul>				
		D	<b>Demand:</b> this value indicates the actual power requested for total recovery				

MAIN Menu - DK monitor (only on units with 2 separate gas-side circuits									
Display/Parameter									
OK Unit	10.0°C		<b>Evaporator common output:</b> indicates the current temperature value read by the probe placed on the common output connection from the two evaporators						
B →Evap.Out 1: C →Evap.Out 2:	6.2°C 15.0°C	В	<b>Evaporator water output 1:</b> indicates the current temperature value for water leaving the evaporator 1						
		С	<b>Evaporator water output 2:</b> indicates the current temperature value for water leaving the evaporator 2						

## In / Out Menu - External temperature monitoring



## In / Out Menu - Fans monitoring (common or circuit 1)



WARNING: The information contained in this screen can be split into two screens of "Fans circuit 1" and "Fans circuit 2". The control types can be:

• COMMON control: The fans of both circuits are controlled together, in which case there will be only one screen which summarises the data relating to the fans (as seen in the screen above).

• INDIVIDUAL control: The fans of circuit 1 and circuit 2 are controlled independently, so the system will display two distinctive screens to display the data of the two circuits. In this case the two screens will be successively displayed and will contain the same type of data, except for points (E) and (G) in that (E) is displayed only in the screen "Fans circuit 1", whilst (G) is displayed only in the screen "Fans circuit 2".

	Display/Parameter	Default						
A	Circuit fans: shows which circuit the data refers to, with options of: • Fans: shows that the fans are common to both circuits • Fans 1: data refer to the fans of circuit 1 • Fans 2: data refers to the fans of circuit 2							
В	<b>Fan speed:</b> shows the percentage speed at which the fans are operating (common, circuit 1 or circuit 2)							
С	Fan setpoint: shows the current fans setpoint							
D	<b>Differential on fan setpoint:</b> shows the current differential applied on the fan setpoint							
E	<ul> <li>Fan status circuit 1: shows the current status of the fans, which can be:</li> <li>OFF: fans off</li> <li>PRE-VENTILATION: fans on in anticipation of compressor</li> <li>HIGH PRESSURE: control based on high pressure</li> <li>POST-VENTILATION: fans on after compressors switch off</li> <li>ANTI-ICING: fans on phase to prevent ice accumulation</li> <li>DEFROST: defrost phase</li> <li>LOW PRESSURE: control based on low pressure</li> <li>MAXIMUM SPEED: fans at maximum speed</li> <li>SILENCED: speed reduction to reduce noise levels</li> </ul>							
F	Fan pressure circuit 1: shows the current pressure value read							
G	<b>Fan status circuit 2:</b> equivalent values to that of item (E) and this value is only displayed if the fans are common to the two circuits. If not, this value is not displayed but is shown in the following screen "Fans circuit 2"							
Н	Fan pressure circuit 2: shows the current pressure value read and is only displayed if the fans are common to both circuits. If not, this value is not displayed but is shown in the following screen "Fans circuit 2".							

# In / Out Menu - Defrost monitoring circuit 1 / circuit 2

		Display/Parameter	Default
<ul> <li>A ⇒Defrosting circuit 1</li> <li>B →Disable</li> <li>C →High Ext.Air temp.</li> </ul>	A	<b>Defrost circuit:</b> shows which circuit the values refer to, if a second circuit is present, and provides a second screen for the second circuit: • Defrost C1: data relating to circuit 1 • Defrost C2: data relating to circuit 2	
Times:       Øs•         LP aver 6.4bar DP:       Ø.0 •         Liquid Temp.       14.8°C•         WARNING: in the case the unit has two circuits this screen is repeated and the heading of (A) changed to C2, and each screen will provide data for the relevant circuit.	В	Defrost information: provides status information on the defrost, which can be: • DISABLED: defrost disabled • BYPASS: bypass phase after the compressor start • DECREASING CALCULATION: phase calculating the decrease of pressure • AWAITING CYCLE INVERSION: system in pause before cycle inversion • START DEFROST: defrost in start phase • DEFROSTING: defrost cycle • END DEFROST: end of the defrost cycle • FIRST DEFROST: shows the first defrost phase after a power loss	
	С	<ul> <li>Additional defrost information: provides additional status information on the defrost:</li> <li>HIGH EXTERNAL AIR TEMPERATURE: the external air temperature is above the level for enabling defrost</li> <li>CIRCUIT OFF: all the compressors of the circuit are off; defrost is disabled</li> <li>LP ABOVE LIMIT: the low pressure is above the level to enable defrost</li> <li>MINIMUM TIME BETWEEN DEFROST: defrost is disabled during the period of minimum time between defrosts</li> <li>START CP: compressor just started; await the bypass time before calculating the pressure decrease</li> <li>NEW LP REFERENCE: a new low pressure value has been taken as reference for the calculation of decreasing pressure;</li> <li>START FOR LP LIMIT: start of defrost to overcome the low pressure limit</li> <li>START FOR DELTA P: start of defrost to overcome the decreasing value of low pressure</li> <li>TEMP. LIQUID OK: the liquid temperature has overcome the limit to define the end of defrost</li> <li>MINIMUM DEFROST TIME: defrost continuous until the minimum time is exceeded even if the exit conditions are met</li> <li>AWAITING OTHER CIRCUIT: occurs if the fans are common to both circuits and the first circuit to finish defrost after a power loss can only occur after the compressor has run for the determined time</li> <li>LIQUID TEMP. LOW: liquid temperature below the level that determines the end of defrost</li> <li>START FOR DGT: defrost is activated due to the level of the discharge gas temperature exceeding the limit</li> <li>FORCED: in the case the fans are common to both circuits this circuit has been forced into defrost due to defrost of the other circuit, even if not required</li> </ul>	
	D	<b>Defrost time:</b> the value can indicate the maximum time before complet- ing defrost (in the event the normal levels for completion have not been met), or the minimum defrost cycle time (in the event the "TEMP. LIQUID OK" message is displayed), to exit defrost	
	E	Low average pressure: shows the average low pressure in the last min- ute	
	F	<b>Delta pressure:</b> shows the accumulated delta pressure to determine activation of defrost	
	G	Liquid temperature: shows the liquid temperature to determine exit of the defrost cycle	

IN/OUT menu - Multifunction input monitor							
		Display/Parameter					
Plant Input Multifunction A ID18: Active B Power limitation	A	<ul> <li>Digital Input ID18: this value indicates the status of the digital input connected to multifunction input U10 enabling on the evaporator. The following statuses are possible:</li> <li>OPEN: multifunction input (U10) NOT ENABLED</li> <li>CLOSED: multifunction input (U10) ENABLED</li> </ul>					
pC05 U10= 57.0% ← C	В	<b>Function assigned to input U10: this</b> value indicates which function was set for the multifunction input U10 (for more information about the available functions, refer to the specific paragraph on page XXX)					
	С	<b>Signal applied to input U10: this v</b> alue indicates, relatively to the size selected for input U10 (for more information about the available functions, refer to the specific paragraph on page XXX), its percentage value					



In / Out Menu - Analogue input monitoring (2)						
			Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs PC05			Analogue input U4: shows the discharge gas temperature of circuit 1			
U4 = Delivery Temp.Comp. Circuit 1: 15.3°C↔		A				

In / Out Menu - Analogue input monitoring (3)						
			Display/Parameter	Default		
(A)- (C)-	INPU tS PC05	A	<b>Analogue input U5:</b> shows the high pressure transducer value read for circuit 1			
	U5 = High press.circ.1: →0.0bar 59.3°C → B	В	<b>Conversion HP temperature:</b> this is the conversion value into temper- ature from the pressure read by the high pressure transducer of circuit 1			
	06 = Low pres.circ.1: →0.0bar -28.5°C • D	С	Analogue input U6: shows the low pressure transducer value read for circuit 1			
		D	<b>Conversion LP temperature:</b> this is the conversion value into temper- ature from the pressure read by the low pressure transducer for circuit 1			

In / Out Menu - Analogue input monitoring (4) (only on units with two circuits)				
	Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs pCO5 U7 = Delivery Temp.Comp. Circuit 2: 15.3°C → ▲	Analogue input U7: shows the discharge gas temperature of circuit 2 A			

## In / Out Menu - Analogue input monitoring (5) (only on units with two circuits)



In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (1)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs PC05 ID1: Flow switch Close • A TD2: High press_circ.1	A	Digital input ID1: shows the binary status of the input read from the flow switch of the evaporator, which are: • OPEN: flow switch alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			
ID3: Fan Overload 1 Close • B Close • C	В	<b>Digital input ID2:</b> shows the binary status of the input read from the high pressure pressostat of circuit 1, which are: • OPEN: high pressure pressostat alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			
	С	<ul> <li>Digital input ID3: shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of the fans on circuit 1, which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: circuit breaker alarm</li> <li>CLOSED: normal operation</li> </ul>			

In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (2)						
	Display/Parameter	Default				
Inputs pCO5 ID4: Al.Phase Monitor Close - A ID5: Overl.comp1 circ1	A       Digital input ID4: shows the binary status read from the input of the phase control device, which can be:         • OPEN: phase control device in alarm         • CLOSED: normal operation					
Close ← B ID6: Overl.comp2 circ1 Close ← C	B Digital input ID5: shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 1 on circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation					
	C Digital input ID6: shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 2 on circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation					

In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (3)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs pCO5 ID7: Overl.comp3 circ1 Close ← ▲ ID8: High press.circ.2	A	<ul> <li>Digital input ID7: shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 3 on circuit 1, which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: circuit breaker alarm</li> <li>CLOSED: normal operation</li> </ul>			
Close ← B ID9: Fan Overload 2 Close ← C	В	<b>Digital input ID8:</b> shows the binary status of the input read from the high pressure pressostat of circuit 2 (if provided), which are: • OPEN: high pressure pressostat in alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			
	С	<ul> <li>Digital input ID9: shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of the fans on circuit 2 (if provided), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: circuit breaker alarm</li> <li>CLOSED: normal operation</li> </ul>			

# In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (4)

		Display/Parameter	Default
Inputs pCO5 ID10:2nd Set enable open ← A ID11:0verl.comp1 circ2 Close ← B ID12:0verl.comp2 circ2	A	<ul> <li>Digital input ID10: shows the binary status of the input relating to the secondary setpoint function, which are:</li> <li>OPEN: secondary setpoint not active</li> <li>CLOSED: secondary setpoint active</li> <li>NOTE: To control this function the installer must use the digital input ID10 and provide a volt free contact for the activation of the secondary setpoint</li> </ul>	
Close - C	В	<b>Digital input ID8:</b> shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 1 on circuit 2, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation	
	С	<b>Digital input ID9:</b> shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 2 on circuit 2, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation	

In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (5)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs pCO5 ID13:Overl.comp3 circ2 Close - A ID14:Overl.pump1 plant	A	<b>Digital input ID13:</b> shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of compressor 3 on circuit 2, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			
ID15:Overl.pump2 plant Close • B Close • C	В	<b>Digital input ID14:</b> shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of pump 1, which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			
	С	<b>Digital input ID15:</b> shows the binary status of the input relating to the circuit breaker of pump 2 (visible if present), which can be: • OPEN: circuit breaker alarm • CLOSED: normal operation			

In / Out Menu - Digital input monitoring (6)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Inputs pCO5 ID16:Remote Cool/Heat open ID17:Remote On/Off open TD18:Multifunct Enable	A	<ul> <li>Digital input ID16: shows the binary status of the input relating to the change of season function, which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: remote season change not active</li> <li>CLOSED: remote season change active</li> <li>NOTE: To control this function the installer must use the digital input ID16 and provide a volt free contact for the activation of the remote season changeover</li> </ul>			
open • C	В	Digital input ID17: shows the binary status of the input relating to the remote ON/OFF function, which can be: • OPEN: remote ON/OFF remote not active • CLOSED: remote ON/OFF active NOTE: To control this function the installer must use the digital input ID17 and provide a volt free contact for the activation of the remote ON/ OFF			
	С	<ul> <li>Digital input ID18: shows the binary status of the input relating to the multi-function U10 (this function is detailed in the Installer menu), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: multi-function contact not enabled</li> <li>CLOSED: multi-function contact enabled</li> <li>NOTE: To control this function the installer must use the digital input ID18 and provide a volt free contact for the activation of the multi-function</li> </ul>			

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (1)						
	Display/Parameter	Default				
Output pCO5 NO1: Pump 1: Close • A	A Digital output NO1: shows the binary status of the output relating to pump 1, which can be: • OPEN: pump 1 not active • CLOSED: pump 1 active					
NO2: Comp.1 circ.1 Close ← B NO3: Comp.2 circ.1 Close ← C	B Digital output NO2: shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 1 of circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: compressor not active • CLOSED: compressor active					
	C Digital output NO3: shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 2 of circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: compressor not active • CLOSED: compressor active					

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (2)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Output pCO5 NO4: Comp.3 circ.1 open • A	A	<b>Digital output NO4:</b> shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 3 of circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: compressor not active • CLOSED: compressor active			
NOS: VOL 1 open • B NOS: VIC 1 open • C	В	<b>Digital output NO5:</b> shows the binary status of the output to the liquid solenoid valve of circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: valve not active • CLOSED: valve active			
	С	<ul> <li>Digital output NO6: shows the binary status of the output to the reversing valve of circuit 1 (in heat pump models), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: valve not active</li> <li>CLOSED: valve active</li> </ul>			

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (3)					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Output pCO5 NO7: Fan 1 open • A NO8: Serious alarm open • B	A	Digital output NO7: shows the binary status of the output to the fans of circuit 1, which can be: • OPEN: fans not active; • CLOSED: fans active			
NO9: Comp.1 circ.2 open • C	C B	<ul> <li>OPEN: no alarm present</li> <li>CLOSED: alarm present</li> </ul>			
	С	<b>Digital output NO9:</b> shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 1 of circuit 2 (visible if present), which can be: • OPEN: compressor not active • CLOSED: compressor active			

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (4)						
		Display/Parameter	Default			
Output pCO5 NO10:Comp.2 circ.2 open ← ▲ NO11:Comp.3 circ.3	,	Digital output NO10: shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 2 of circuit 2 (visible if present), which can be:         • OPEN: compressor not active         • CLOSED: compressor active				
NO12:VSL 2 Open ↔ C	- <b>B</b> B	Digital output NO11: shows the binary status of the output relating to compressor 3 of circuit 2 (visible if present), which can be: • OPEN: compressor not active • CLOSED: compressor active				
	(	Digital input NO12: shows the binary status of the output to the liquid solenoid valve of circuit 2 (visible if present), which can be:         • OPEN: valve not active         • CLOSED: valve active				

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (5)							
				Display/Parameter	Default		
Ou tpu t pCO5 NO13:Fan 2 NO14:VIC 2	open ⊷	A	A	<ul> <li>Digital output NO13: shows the binary status of the output to the fans of circuit 2 (visible if present), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: fans not active</li> <li>CLOSED: fans active</li> </ul>			
NO15:VSBP1	open ⊷ open ⊷	-B -C	— <b>B</b> — <b>C</b>	— <b>B</b>	В	<b>Digital output NO14:</b> shows the binary status of the output to the reversing valve of circuit 2 (visible if second circuit present in heat pump models), which can be: • OPEN: valve not active • CLOSED: valve active	
			С	<ul> <li>Digital input NO15: shows the binary status of the output to the bypass solenoid valve of circuit 1 (in heat pump models), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: valve not active</li> <li>CLOSED: valve active</li> </ul>			

In / Out Menu - Digital output monitoring (6)				
		Display/Parameter	Default	
Ou tpu t pC05 N016:VSBP2 OPEN N017:Antifreeze Heater OPEN N018:Pump 2: OPEN	A	Digital output NO16: shows the binary status of the output to the bypass solenoid valve of circuit 2 (visible if second circuit present in heat pump models), which can be:         • OPEN: valve not active         • CLOSED: valve active         Digital output NO17: shows the binary status of the output to the antifreeze heater, which can be:         • OPEN: beater not active		
		CLOSED: heater active		
	с	<ul> <li>Digital input NO 18: snows the binary status of the output relating to pump 2 (visible if present), which can be:</li> <li>OPEN: pump 2 not active</li> <li>CLOSED: pump 2 active</li> </ul>		

IN/OUT Menu - Analogue output monitor				
		Display/Parameter	Default	
Inputs PCO5	A	<b>Modulating fans 1: this</b> value indicates the signal (represented by values from 1 to 1000) applied to the control of modulating fans 1		
Y1=DCP1 0 ↔ (A) Y2=DCP2 0 ↔ B	В	<b>Modulating fans 2: this</b> value indicates the signal (represented by values from 1 to 1000) applied to the control of modulating fans 2		
Y3=DCP3     0 ⋅ C       Y4=     0 ⋅ D       Y5=     0 ⋅ E	С	<b>Modulating fans 1+2 or 3: this</b> value indicates the signal (represented by values from 1 to 1000) applied to the control of modulating fans 1 + modulating fans 2, or modulating fans 3		
	D	<b>Modulating fans 1 (NRB only): this</b> value indicates the signal (repre- sented by values from 1 to 1000) applied to the control of circuit 1 modu- lating fans, which turn off at low temperatures		
	E	<b>Modulating fans 2 (NRB only): this</b> value indicates the signal (repre- sented by values from 1 to 1000) applied to the control of circuit 2 modu- lating fans, which turn off at low temperatures		

ON / OFF Menu - Switching unit on or off					
			Display/Parameter	Default	
On∕Off Unit Plant Off Unit General enable:		A	Current status: shows the current status of the unit: • ENABLED: unit on • OFF GENERAL: unit in standby • OFF FOR ALARM: unit in standby due to an alarm • OFF BY BMS: unit in standby, disabled by the BMS • OFF BY CLOCK: unit in standby, disabled by time-clock settings • OFF BY DIG. IN: unit in standby, disabled by digital input ID8 • OFF BY DISPLAY: unit in standby, disabled from the terminal • ANTI-ICING: unit forced on to avoid icing		
User modifiable parameters	5	в	<ul> <li>Switching unit on or off: by modifying this parameter it is possible to switch the unit on or off:</li> <li>YES: unit on</li> <li>NO: unit off</li> </ul>		

# 8. SYSTEM MENU

SYSTEM Menu - Selecting the operating mode				
		Display/Parameter	Default	
Plant A Off Unit Switch On: YES Mode selection: Heating	A	Current status: shows the current status of the unit: • ENABLED: unit on • OFF GENERAL: unit in standby • OFF FOR ALARM: unit in standby due to an alarm • OFF BY BMS: unit in standby, disabled by the BMS • OFF BY CLOCK: unit in standby, disabled by time-clock settings • OFF BY DIG. IN: unit in standby, disabled by digital input ID8 • OFF BY DISPLAY: unit in standby, disabled from the terminal • ANTI-ICING: unit forced on to avoid icing		
	В	Active season: the symbol shows the current operating mode: • (★): heating mode • (★): cooling mode		
	C •	<ul> <li>Unit enabled: shows if the unit is enabled for operation, which can be:</li> <li>OFF: system not enabled for operation</li> <li>ON: system enabled for operation</li> <li>ON WITH SET2: system enabled for operation with secondary setpoint</li> <li>TIME-CLOCK: system enabled to operate under time-clock programme</li> </ul>		
	D	<ul> <li>Selecting the operating mode: by modifying this parameter it is possible to select the operating mode of the unit:</li> <li>COOLING: unit produces chilled water</li> <li>HEATING: unit unit produces hot water</li> <li>BY EXT. TEMP: operating mode decided automatically by the external air temperature</li> <li>BY DIG. IN: operating mode decided by digital input ID16 (input closed = heating)</li> <li>BY SUPERV: operating mode decided by BMS</li> <li>BY CALENDAR: operating mode decided automatically based on the season change-over date in the calender</li> </ul>		
User modifiable parameters				





SYSTEM Menu - Time-clock settings (A) and (B)						
	Display/Parameter					
Plant Timezone Day LUNEDI•	A	<b>Day to set:</b> this shows the day for which the first two time-clock values (a) and (b) are programmed. This value can be any day of the week or a HOLIDAY day				
B a 08:00 ,10:00 ON ← D	B	Time-clock start (a): shows the value of the start of the first time-clock				
€ b 11:00 12:00 OFF € 6	C	Time-clock stop (a): shows the value of the stop of the first time-clock				
WARNING: • All the screens for time-clock programming are only		Action associated with time-clock (a): shows the action carried out with the first time-clock, which can be: • ON: unit enabled with main setpoint • SET2: unit enabled with secondary setpoint • OFF: unit in standby				
visible if activated in the main screen of the System menu (Enabling = TIME-CLOCK) • The values selected for the time-clock (a) and (b)	E	Time-clock start (b): shows the value of the start of the second time-clock				
must follow logically: B < C < F < F	F	Time-clock stop (b): shows the value of the stop of the second time- clock				
NOTE: Outside of the four possible time-clock pro- grammes the system will remain OFF	G	Action associated with time-clock (b): shows the action carried out with the first time-clock, which can be: • ON: unit enabled with main setpoint • SET2: unit enabled with secondary setpoint • OFF: unit in standby				
User modifiable parameters						





SYSTEM Menu - Setting change-over based on external temperature				
	Display/Parameter	Default		
Cooling/Heating Select Cool/Heat with Outdoor temperature Set ON cooling 23.0°C•—A Set ON heating 18.0°C•—B	A A			
WARNING: This screen for automatic control based on external air temperature is only visible if activated in the main screen of the System menu (Selection mode = BY EXT. TEMP.)  User modifiable parameters	Temperature level for heating: shows the external air temperature value below which heating mode is automatically activated			





9.

# **RECOVERY MENU (ONLY FOR UNIT WITH RECOVERY)**



RECOVERY Menu - Sets the work setpoint for total recovery				
	Display/Parameter	Default		
To tal Recovery Setpoint 1: 45.0° <sup>C</sup> User modifiable parameters	A A			



# INSTALLER Menu- Enabling digital inputs ID3 and ID4 Display/Parameter Default Input enable Enabling ID17: shows if the digital input ID3 is enabled for the remote ON/OFF control function (ON = closed, OFF = open) N ID17: On /Off plant A A User modifiable parameters A A

INSTALLER Menu - Addresses the BMS supervision system				
		Display/Parameter	Default	
Installer Supervisor BMS1 Protocol: MODBUS <sup>•</sup> A Speed: 19200 baud• B StopBits 2• C Serial address: 1• D	A	<ul> <li>Select protocol: this value indicates which protocol is used to communicate with the BMS supervision system; the support protocols are:</li> <li>MODBUS: Modbus/rs485 protocol;</li> <li>CAREL: protocol for expansions;</li> <li>pCOWEB: protocol for pCOWEB expansions;</li> <li>LON: protocol for LON expansion</li> <li>MODBUS EXT: Modbus in extended version with more available addresses. By selecting this protocol you will have the same addresses available on BMS2 for AerWeb or other supervisor.</li> </ul>	MODBUS	
	B	<b>Transmission speed:</b> this value indicates which speed is set for serial communication	19200	
	C	<b>Stopbits:</b> this value indicates the number of bits used to indicate the bitstop in serial communication	2	
User modifiable parameters	D	<b>Address:</b> this value indicates the address assigned to the BMS supervision system towards which communication will be made	1	

	Display/Parameter		Default
Supervisor: Enable cooling/heating by supervisor YES•— (A)	A	Enable change-over by BMS: shows if the remote change-over by the BMS is enabled	YES
Enable On-Off Unit by supervisor YES- User modifiable parameters	в	<b>Enable ON/OFF by BMS:</b> shows if the remote starting and stopping of the unit by the BMS is enabled	YES

		Display/Parameter	Default
Installer AerWeb300 BM52 Serial address: 1. User modifiable parameters	A	Address: shows the value of the address for the secondary supervisor system for communications (this serial interface is not opto-isolated so the connection distance permitted is less than the main serial interface) NOTE: The use of the second serial link is intended for transmission via the web (AerWeb300), although the serial link can be to a second super- visor system in addition to the main one (BMS1)	1

INSTALLER Menu- Selecting control for water production					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Installer Regulation temperature sensor with: Outlet (U2)• Type reg.: PROP + INT.• Integ. Time (Ki) 600s• C	A	Control sensor: shows which sensor the system bases the control of water produced, which can be: • OUTLET(U2): the sensor used to control the production of water is that leaving the heat exchanger • INLET(U1): the sensor used to control the production of water is that entering the heat exchanger • COMMON OUTLET SENSOR (U3 uPC): the sensor used to control the production of water is the common leaving sensor in the event there are two heat exchang- ers WARNING: Selecting the control based on the entering temperature	OUTLET (U2)		
		means that the correct setting for the operating setpoints must consider the addition or subtraction (based on cooling or heating mode) of the differential temperature to the operating setpoint			
	B	<b>Type of control:</b> shows the logic used for the control, which can be: • PROP+INT: applies proportional and integral control • PROP: applies proportional control only	PROP+INT		
User modifiable parameters	C	<b>Integral time:</b> shows the integral time to add to the proportional control (in the event the type of control selection is proportional and integral)	600s		



		Display/Parameter	Default
Regulation Heat fixed setpoint (A) Differential: 3.0°C (B)	A	<ul> <li>Type of setpoint: shows what type of logic is used for the control of the operating setpoint, which can be:</li> <li>FIXED SETPOINT: the system will use as the operating setpoint the values set by the user in the System menu screen (main and secondary setpoints)</li> <li>AMBIENT CURVE: the operating setpoint is calculated automatically based on the selected ambient curve</li> </ul>	FIXED SETPOINT
User modifiable parameters	B	<b>Differential:</b> shows the differential applied between the water inlet and outlet, where such value depends on the flow rate the system operates at	5.0°C

## INSTALLER Menu- Setting ambient curve parameters for cooling





INSTALLER menu - configuration of the anti-free system alarm							
				Display/Parameter	Default		
Config.Alarms Antifreeze alarm Evap.			A	<b>Anti-free alarm activation threshold (evaporator):</b> this value indicates the temperature of the inlet or outlet water (based on the type of regulation selected), below which the anti-free alarm activates	3.0°C		
Threshold: Differential:	3.0°C• 1.0°C•		B	Anti-free alarm differential: this value indicates the differential to apply to the anti-freeze activation threshold; when the water temperature (inlet or outlet) is higher than the threshold value plus the differential, the anti-freeze alarm is deactivated	3.0°C		
Force ON pumps:	YES•	C	C	<b>Pump ON power: by c</b> hanging this value, it is possible to decide whether to automatically activate or deactivate the pumps during the anti-freeze alarm	SI		

INSTALLER Menu - Setting the parameters for total recovery									
				Display/Parameter					
	Config.Alarms Antifreeze alarm Cond. Threshold:	3.0°C• A	A	Anti-freeze alarm activation threshold (condenser): this value indicates the temperature of the inlet or outlet water (based on the type of regulation selected), below which the anti-free alarm activates	3.0°C				
	User modifiable parameters	1.0°C. B	В	Anti-free alarm differential: this value indicates the differential to apply to the anti-freeze activation threshold; when the water temperature (inlet or outlet) is higher than the threshold value plus the differential, the anti-freeze alarm is deactivated	3.0°C				





	INSTALLER Menu - Setting parameters for total recovery							
					Display/Parameter	Default		
In: An t To t	s <b>taller</b> ifreeze alarm al Recovery			A	<b>Threshold:</b> This value indicates the temperature of the incoming water and outgoing recovery under which the alarm is activated low temperature recovery (alarm 42/43)	3.0°C		
Thr	eshold:	3.0°C⊷			<b>Differential:</b> this value indicates the differential used to calculate the power necessary for low temperature recovery alarm.	3.0°C		
Dif	ferential:	1.0°C.	B	B				
Us	er modifiable parameters							

INSTALLER Menu- Setting fans anti-icing function					
		Display/Parameter	Default		
Fan Fan antifreezer/snow	A	<b>Enabling anti-icing function:</b> shows whether to enable the anti-icing function for the fans	SI		
Switch On: YES-A Ext.Air temp.: 1.0°C-B	B	<b>External air temperature limit:</b> shows the temperature below which the anti-icing cycle is activated (if enabled)	1.0°C		
Pulse time Off: 120min C	C	<b>Time off:</b> shows the time interval between the periods of activation for the fans during the anti-icing function	120min		
User modifiable parameters	D	<b>Fan activation time:</b> shows the time period that the fans will be activated for the anti-icing function	30s		



INSTALLER Menu- Setting multi-function input								
	Display/Parameter	Default						
Input Multifunction Config. Input (U10): variable set point. Type: 0-10V. B	<ul> <li>Multi-function input: shows which function is assigned to the multi-function input U10, which can be:         <ul> <li>NOT PRESENT: multi-function input disabled</li> <li>CAPACITY LIMIT: the input U10 is used to limit the capacity of the unit in a manner proportional to the signal applied at the input U10 (the configuration of the capacity range controlled is available in the next screen, if this option is activated)</li> <li>VARIABLE SETPOINT: the input U10 is used to vary the operating setpoint in a manner proportional to the signal applied at the input U10 (the configuration of the variation to the setpoint range is available in the next screen, if this option is activated)</li> </ul> </li> <li>WARNING: If the multi-function input is enabled then the status of the input to U10 will shown in the In/Out menu</li> </ul>	NOT PRESENT						
User modifiable parameters	B • <b>Type:</b> shows the type of signal used for the multi-function input, which can be: • 0-10V: input signal 0-10V • NTC: input signal 0-10V • 4-20mA: input signal 4-20mA	0-10V						

INSTALLER Menu- Configuration of capacity limit from multi-function input (if enabled)						
				Display/Parameter	Default	
Input Multifunction Power limitation Minimum:	Ø%•	-A	A	Minimum capacity limit: shows the minimum capacity limit as a func- tion of the input signal	0%	
Maximum : User modifiable parameters	100%.	B	B	<b>Maximum capacity limit:</b> shows the maximum capacity limit as a func- tion of the input signal	100%	

	INSTALLER Menu- Configuration of variable setpoint from multi-function input (if enabled) Display/Parameter Default					
			Display/Parameter	Default		
	Input Multifunction	A	<b>Minimum cooling setpoint:</b> shows the minimum setpoint as a function of the input signal (on input U10)	7.0°C		
	Mode : Cool Heat	в	<b>Maximum heating setpoint:</b> shows the maximum setpoint as a function of the input signal (on input U10)	7.0°C		
B	Min: 7.0°C   Min: 45.0°C - C Max: 11.0°C   Max: 50.0°C - D	C	<b>Minimum heating setpoint:</b> shows the minimum setpoint as a function of the input signal (on input U10)	7.0°C		
	User modifiable parameters	D	<b>Maximum heating setpoint:</b> shows the maximum setpoint as a function of the input signal (on input U10)	7.0°C		

INSTALLER Menu- Configuration of NTC signal from multi-function input (if enabled)								
		Display/Parameter	Default					
Input Multifunction Config. NTC Minimum temp.: 7.0°C•— A	A	<b>Minimum NTC signal:</b> Shows the minimum temperature which corresponds to the to the minimum value for the function selected to the multifunction input (capacity limitation or variable setpoint)	7°C					
Maximum temp.: 11.0°C- B User modifiable parameters	в	<b>Maximum NTC signal:</b> Shows the maximum temperature which corresponds to the to the maximum value for the function selected to the multi-function input (capacity limitation or variable setpoint)	7°C					

INSTALLER menu - sets night-time silenced operation (only with the accessory DCPX)						
			Display/Parameter	Default		
Fan Silent mode overnight	NO-A	A	<b>Enables night-time silenced operation: this</b> value indicates if the night mode function should be activated; this function enables a silenced operation during the time band specified in the following parameters	NO		
On: Off: Cooling UMax:	21:00-B 8:00-C	B	<b>Start of the night mode function time ban</b> d: if night-time silenced operation is active, this parameter indicates the time after which this operation will be activated			
FreeCool. Vmax:	6.0V	C	<b>End of the night mode function time ban</b> d: if night-time silenced oper- ation is active, this parameter indicates the time after which this opera- tion will be deactivated			
		D	<b>Cooling VMax:</b> if night-time silenced operation is active, this parameter indicates the maximum Volt applied to the cold condensation control			
User modifiable parameters		E	<b>Free Cooling VMax</b> : if night-time silenced operation is active, this parameter indicates the maximum Volt applied to the free cooling condensation control			

INSTALLER menu - management of the supplementary electric heaters						
		Display/Parameter	Default			
Installer Suppl.electric heaters	A	<b>Number of installed electric heaters: th</b> is value indicates the number of installed electric heaters (minimum zero, maximum three)	0			
Number: Q. A Power: 10% B	B B B	Percentage power with respect to the system: this value specifies the percentage power of the individual heater with respect to the unit's total power; WARNING: in order to permit correct management of the system's electric heaters, all heaters must have the same power; Also note that the maximum power of the single heater managed by the system is equivalent to 50% of the nominal power of the unit	10%			
User modifiable parameters		WARNING: To manage the supplementary heaters in the NRK modules, the accessory VMF-CRP is required				

	INSTALLER Menu - Enabling boiler					
				Display/Parameter	Default	
Installer Boiler in replacement Enable: User modifiable parameters	NO•		A	<b>Enable boiler replacement:</b> This parameter specifies whether to enable the boiler when the outside temperature falls below the value of "replacement" specified in the next window, or in the case where the heat pump is in "full alarm" WARNING: To manage the boiler on NRK models, it is necessary to provide the accessory VMF-CRP	NO	





			Display/Parameter	Default
Hour meter Circuit 2		A	<b>Compressor 1 hour counter:</b> shows the number of running hours for compressor 1 on circuit 2 (if present)	
Compressor 1: Compressor 2: Compressor 3:	0000h • A 0000h • B h • C	В	<b>Compressor 2 hour counter:</b> shows the number of running hours for compressor 2 on circuit 2 (if present)	
User modifiable parameters		С	<b>Compressor 3 hour counter:</b> shows the number of running hours for compressor 3 on circuit 2 (if present)	

INSTALLER Menu- Monitoring number of compressor starts circuit 1				
		Display/Parameter		
Hour meter Circuit 1 Number of starts	ļ	Compressor 1 number of starts: shows the number of starts for com- pressor 1 on circuit 1		
Compressor 1: 0000 Compressor 2: 0000 Compressor 3:	A B C	<b>Compressor 2 number of starts:</b> shows the number of starts for compressor 2 on circuit 1		
User modifiable parameters	(	Compressor 3 number of starts: shows the number of starts for com- pressor 3 on circuit 1		





INSTALLER Menu - Configures Master/Slave				
		Display/Parameter	Default	
Master/Slave Unit: single A Step: 1.0% B	A	<ul> <li>Type of unit: this value indicates the type of setting for the unit; this type can be:</li> <li>SINGLE: unit without Master/Slave connection;</li> <li>MASTER: identifies the master unit;</li> <li>SLAVE: identifies the slave unit;</li> </ul>	SINGLE	
Slave Pump off with Compressor off: NO C User modifiable parameters		<ul> <li>Power step: the required power calculated by the thermostat is divided between the master and slave units based on this parameter.</li> <li>E.g.: 1% = the units work in parallel.</li> <li>100%= the units work in sequential mode (first all the power of one is used and then all the power of the other is used)</li> </ul>	1%	
		<ul> <li>Slave pump Off with CP Off: this value indicates management of the pump on the slave unit; this management can be:</li> <li>YES: the slave pump turns off if there is no request on the slave;</li> <li>NO: the slave pump turns on and shuts down together with the master;</li> </ul>	NO	







		Display/Parameter		Default
Installer VPF Enable: YES Differential pressure Set: 1.5 B		A	<b>Enable VPF:</b> this value indicates whether or not to enable management of the primary variable flow rate	NO
		B	<b>Pressure set: this</b> value indicates the pressure that VPF management will maintain at the terminals of the evaporator by opening and closing the bypass valve	150mbai
Diff:       10.0 • C       C       Differential: this value indicates the din		<b>Differential:</b> this value indicates the differential used when regulating bypass valve opening	150mba	
User modifiable parameters		D	<b>Integral time: t</b> his value indicates the integral time used when regulating the bypass valve	180s

INSTALLER menu - configures VPF bypass parameters				
	Display/Parameter		Default	
Installer VPF Bypass min: 4.00 · A Bypass max: 8.00 · B		A	<b>Bypass MIN:</b> this value indicates the volts to which the bypass minimum corresponds (all the water passes in the system)	4.0V
		B	<b>Bypass MAX:</b> this value indicates the volts to which the bypass maximum corresponds (all the water recirculates through the bypass)	8.0V
Trasd. 4mA: Ombar.		C	<b>Transducer 4mA:</b> this value indicates the value in mbar at 4mA read by the differential transducer	0
User modifiable parameters		D	<b>Transducer 20mA:</b> this value indicates the value in mbar at 20mA read by the differential transducer	1000





INSTALLER Menu- Monitoring unit configurator and test info					
		Display/Parameter			
Language Language : ENGLISH ← Push ENTER for change User modifiable parameters	A	A System language: shows the system language in use, which can be modified by following the instructions on the screen (ENTER to modify the language)			

# 11. CLOCK MENU





CLOCK Menu - Setting holidays				
		Display/Parameter		
Calendar Start Finish Action →25/Dic 26/Dic 9 Fest	A	<b>Start date:</b> shows the date of the start of the holiday. The calender can control a maximum of 5 days defined as hlidays, during which time specific actions are carried out		
→06/Gen 07/Gen - Fest - →02/Dic 03/Giu - Off -	B	<b>End date:</b> shows the date of the end of the holiday. The calender can control a maximum of 5 days defined as holidays, during which time specific actions are carried out		
User modifiable parameters	C	<ul> <li>Action to associate with holiday: shows which action the unit will take during the holiday, which may be:</li> <li>OFF: unit will be off during the days selected</li> <li>FEST.: unit will be controlled as specified in the time-clock programme called HOLIDAY (for further information refer to the function of the time-clock)</li> <li>: if no action is specified the unit will be controlled by the manual settings</li> </ul>		

# 12. ALARM SUMMARY TABLE

The unit provides a display of the possible faults, announced by the flashing of the alarm key with the bell symbol located on the left of the display. Pressing the bell key displays the alarm. The reset of the alarm can be automatic, manual or semi-automatic on the basis of the type and severity of the alarm. To reset the alarm message it is necessary to press the bell key again, but this does not reset the cause of the alarm, but only acknowledges it.

Alarm reset types:



Manual reset: Unit is reset manually by removing and re-applying power.

Automatic reset: The unit is reset automatically

## Semi-automatic reset:

The unit is reset semi-automatically if the alarm is repeated a maximum of three times consecutively, and after a further alarm requires manual reset.

ALARM summary table						
Code	Alarm description	Reset	Note			
AL01	Clock battery faulty or not connected	٢				
AL02	Expansion memory damaged	٢				
AL03	Phase monitor	U				
AL04						
AL05	High pressure sensor circuit 1 faulty or not connected	ß	Analogue input U5			
AL06	High pressure sensor circuit 2 faulty or not connected	ß	Analogue input U8			
AL07	Low pressure sensor circuit 1 faulty or not connected	C3	Analogue input U6			
AL08	Low pressure sensor circuit 2 faulty or not connected	C3	Analogue input U9			
AL09	Inlet water temp sensor evap.1 faulty or not connected	C3	Analogue input U1			
AL10	Outlet water temp sensor evap.1 faulty or not connected	C3	Analogue input U2			
AL11	Outlet water temp sensor evap.com. faulty or not connected	C3				
AL12	Inlet water temp sensor recovery faulty or not connected	CG				
AL13	Outlet water temp sensor recovery1 faulty or not connected	ß				
AL14	Outlet water temp sensor recovery2 faulty or not connected	C3				
AL15	Outlet water temp sensor recovery common faulty or not connected	ß				
AL16	External temperature sensor faulty or not connected	ß				
AL17	Liquid temperature sensor circuit 1 faulty or not connected	ß				
AL18	Liquid temperature sensor circuit 2 faulty or not connected	ß				
AL23	Circuit breaker compressor 1 circuit 1	ß				

The following table lists the faults that can be generated by the unit and a brief explanation of the possible cause.

AL24	Thermal alarm system pump 1	Ø	
AL25	Thermal alarm system pump 2	C	
AL26	Thermal alarm heat recovery pump 1	C	
AL27	Thermal alarm heat recovery pump 2	Ø	
AL28	Fans circuit breaker circuit 1	Ø	
AL29	Fans circuit breaker circuit 2	Ø	
AL31	Low pressure sensor circuit 1	Ø	
AL32	High pressure pressostat circuit 1	C	
AL33	High pressure sensor circuit 1	Ø	
AL34	Circuit 1 low pressure sensor (serious)	Ø	
AL35	Circuit 2 low pressure sensor (serious)	Ø	
AL38	Loss of evaporator water flow	Ø	
AL39	Loss of heat recovery water flow	Ø	
AL40	Anti-freeze alarm system inlet/outlet temperature	Ø	
AL41	Anti-freeze alarm system common outlet temperature	Ø	
AL42	Anti-freeze alarm heat recovery 1 inlet/outlet temperature	G	
AL43	Anti-freeze alarm heat recovery 2 outlet temperature	Ø	
AL44	Anti-freeze alarm heat recovery common outlet temperature	G	
AL45	Expansion IO (uPC) Off-line	U	
AL46	Expansion IO (pCOe) Off-line	U	
AL48	Discharge gas temperature sensor circuit 1 faulty or not connected	Ø	
AL49	Discharge gas temperature sensor circuit 2 faulty or not connected	Ø	
AL50	Board re-start from lost power	Ø	Non è un allarme
AL59	Circuit breaker compressor 2 circuit 1	Ø	
AL60	Circuit breaker compressor 3 circuit 1	ß	
AL61	Circuit breaker compressor 1 circuit 2	Ø	
AL62	Circuit breaker compressor 2 circuit 2	Ø	
AL63	Circuit breaker compressor 3 circuit 2	Ø	
AL65	Low pressure sensor circuit 2	Ø	
AL66	High pressure pressostat circuit 2	G	
AL67	High pressure sensor circuit 2	Ø	
AL75	High discharge gas temperature circuit 1	G	
AL76	High discharge gas temperature circuit 2	Ø	

AL84	High heat recovery inlet temperature alarm	G	
AL85	High system inlet temperature alarm	G	
AL87	Master Offline	G	
AL88	Slave Offline	G	
AL89	Incorrect Master/Slave software version. (the two cards do not have the same software version)	G	
AL90	Freecooling efficiency alarm	G	
AL91	Slave alarm summary	G	
AL92	Glycol Free flow switch	G	
AL93	Glycol Free pump thermal	G	
AL94	pCOE expansion offline (address=3) DK Unit	ß	
AL95	Common evaporator output probe broken or not connected	G	
AL96	Evaporator output probe 2 broken or not connected	G	
AL97	Freecooling input probe broken or not connected	G	
AL98	Freecooling output probe broken or not connected	G	
AL99	Glycol intermediate heat exchanger input probe broken or not connected	G	
AL100	Offline pCOE expansion (address=4) condenser unit	G	
AL101	Offline pCOE expansion (address=5) free cooling	G	
AL102	Water input outside operating limits	Ø	
AL103	DeltaP Circ1 alarm	Ø	
AL104	DeltaP Circ2 alarm	Ø	
AL105	EVD Valve A motor error	ß	
AL106	EVD Low evap. temp.(LOP) A	ß	
AL107	EVD High evap. temp.(MOP) A	ß	
AL108	EVD Low overheat.(LowSH) A	ß	
AL109	EVD Low intake temp. A	ß	
AL110	EVD High condensation temp. A	ß	
AL111	EVD Valve motor error B	ß	
AL112	EVD Low evap. temp.(LOP) B	Ø	
AL113	EVD High evap. temp. (MOP) B	ß	
AL114	EVD Low overheat.(LowSH) B	ß	
AL115	EVD Low intake temp. B	G	
AL116	EVD Probe S1 alarm	G	
AL117	EVD Probe S2 alarm	ß	

AL118	EVD Probe S3 alarm	C3	
AL119	EVD Probe S4 alarm	ß	
AL120	EVD EEPROM alarm	C3	
AL121	EVD Driver offline	ß	
AL122	EVD Battery discharged	C3	
AL123	EVD Parameter transmission error	CG	
AL124	EVD Firmware not compatible	C3	
AL125	EVD Battery 2 battery liquid temperature probe broken or not connected	CG	
AL126	Expansion IO (pCOe) OffLine (address=6)	ß	
AL127	Circuit 1 intake temperature probe broken or not connected	C3	
AL128	Circuit 2 intake temperature probe broken or not connected	ß	
AL129	Expansion IO (pCOe) OffLine (address=7)	C3	
AL130	Differential transducer broken or not connected	CG	

#### **ALARM HISTORY** 13.

Each time an alarm is generated it is saved in the "alarm history" memory. This memory contains the last 100 alarms recorded. For each alarm saved the inlet and outlet water temperatures are also recorded, so that the service personnel can have a clear picture of the unit at the time the alarm occurred.

To access the alarm history: (a) Press the key () and enter the alarm display.

(b) If any are present, go through the active alarms with the key (+) and reach

(a) If any are provided as the second seco

(4) To exit the alarm history press the key  $\binom{Prg}{Prg}$  or the key  $\binom{Esc}{Esc}$ 



THE ALARM HISTORY CANNOT BE CANCELLED and having a limit of 100 alarm histories, any additional new alarms after the index value 99 will incrementally start with the index value 00 and overwrite the old data.

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